

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

The Frankfort Commonwealth.

A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unexcelled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old parties broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the vital question at present is Union or disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate fireside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type.

Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum.

Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

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Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

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COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

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Price—50 cts. per quire.

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ECUTIONS.

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BONDS, &c.

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BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky,

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Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the CASH; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

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We are prepared to execute all kinds of

Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work.

In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

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Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

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Clerks, Sheriffs, and all kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

LAW NOTICE.

JAMES E. CLAY. THOS. B. MONROE, JR.

CLAY & MONROE.

Will practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.

Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,

Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe, Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.

April 9, 1860-w&twf.

JAMES SIMPSON.....JOHN L. SCOTT.

SIMPSON & SCOTT,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON and JOHN L. SCOTT will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Printing Office.

Jan 4 w&twf.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. J. G. KEENON,

HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, I tender my professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner.

[Aug. 29, 1860-tf.]

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

LEXINGTON, KY.

OFFICE on Short street between Lime-stone and Upper streets.

May 23, 1859-tf.

LYSANDER HORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court.

Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.

Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

G. W. CRADDOCK. CHARLES F. CRADDOCK.

CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.

Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

J. W. PINNELL. V. T. CHAMBERS.

PINNELL & CHAMBERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth Street.

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

February 22, 1860-tf.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.

Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

JOHN RODMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.

[Oct. 28, 1853.]

J. H. KINKEAD,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Missouri, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.

May 6, 1857-tf.

DENTAL SURGERY,

BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.

HIS operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient and of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.

Office at his residence on Main street.

Frankfort, May 27, 1853.

ICE! ICE!!

ALL citizens of Frankfort wishing to secure a supply of fine clear ice for the season, are requested to call at the Confectionery of Gray & Todd, where they can be supplied with tickets. I will commence delivering my ice on Monday, May 6th, and continue throughout the season. My terms are cash—and will not be departed from.

Families wishing ice at any time in the day, can be supplied from my residence.

May 3-w&twf.

SAN. GOINS.

FINE FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING!

J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

No. 227 Main, above Third Street.

N. B.—Largest size Garments of all styles.

September 19, 1860-w&twf.

FOR RENT.

THE two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.

ORLANDO BROWN.

Dec. 14, 1859-tf.

W. H. KEENE,

Wholesale and retail Grocer and Dealer in all kinds of foreign and domestic Liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky.

A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon Whisky—none better.

Cigars.

Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Yuccas" and "Companias."

Garden Seeds.

A full assortment of Pitkin, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at fair prices.

Flour and Meal.

The best brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies.

I have everything in the line of Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. Also, Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco and Cigars, &c., all of which are selected from the best assortments and with great care.

I only ask an examination of my stock to insure success. My terms are as heretofore, pre-paying cash, but will sell to prompt customers payable 1st January, May, and September. Call and see me. [mard w&twf] W. H. KEENE.

MOSELEY'S

TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES

AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.

(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufactory is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.

Leave orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati.

April 2, 1860-by.

CAPITAL HOTEL,

Main Street, Frankfort, Ky.

JAMES R. WATSON, Proprietor.

HAVING taken this well known house for a term of years, and being desirous of improving every department, I am now prepared to receive and accommodate, in superior style, all who may favor me with a call. The undivided and ceaseless attention of myself and assistants will be assiduously directed to the comfort and pleasure of those who may honor us by their patronage. If neat and clean beds, genteel rooms, a sumptuous table, and polite and attentive servants, will receive patronage, I am determined to deserve it. The Bar will be supplied at all times with the choicest liquors, cigars, and tobacco.

FRANKFORT, May 9, 1860.

SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,

TAKES pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced.

The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery,) is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photography pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1860-w&twf.

CIRCULAR.

JOHN A. FLYNN,

PROFESSOR OF

Drawing, Writing, and Book-keeping.

HE would respectfully inform the citizens of South Frankfort, that a class for Young Ladies will be opened on Monday, June 10th, 1861, at the residence of Rev. Mr. McMURRAY, commencing at 8 o'clock, A. M., and closing at 9 o'clock.

A beautiful style, either in the Writing or Drawing Department, will be taught on the following terms:

For Writing, including materials, \$15 pr. m'th.

For Drawing, including materials, \$25 pr. m'th.

Lessons in either department at the option of the pupil.

The Professor submits the following testimony:

FRANKFORT, KY., May 22, 1861.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that our children have taken lessons in writing, under the care of Mr. John A. Flynn, and we are happy to say their improvement has been highly satisfactory. We consider Mr. Flynn a kind and efficient teacher, and we therefore most warmly recommend him to all the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity who may require his services.

James R. Watson, W. H. Gray,

H. G. Banta, Mary W. Todd,

Ben. F. Meek, James R. Page,

H. Rodman, John C. Bates,

Nelson Alley, Arabella Welch,

W. C. Sneed, M. A. Gay,

John W. Pratt, Thos. N. Lindsey,

James M. Todd, Geo. Wythe Lewis.

Frankfort, June 3, 1861-tf.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned, having been compelled by the late fire to change his location, has removed his

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT

to the room lately occupied by Dayer and Caltenbrun, on Main Street, opposite to the Mansion House, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers and many new ones. He hopes by strict attention to business, and by charging reasonable prices, such as suit the times, to merit and receive a fair proportion of public patronage.

L. STREIF.

May 27, 1861-w&tw3c.

Fever and Ague,

from which mankind suffer over a large part of the globe, is the consequence of a diseased action in the system, induced by the poisonous miasm of vegetable decay. This exhalation is evolved by the action of solar heat on wet soil, and rises with the watery vapor from it. While the sun is below the horizon this vapor lingers near the earth's surface, and the virus is taken with it through the lungs into the blood. There it acts as an irritating poison on the internal viscera and excreting organs of the body. The liver becomes torpid and fails to secrete not only this virus, but also the bile from the blood. Both the virus and the bile accumulate in the circulation, and produce violent constitutional disorder. The spleen, the kidneys, and the stomach sympathize with the liver, and become disordered also. Finally, the instinct of our organism, as if in an attempt to expel the noxious infusion, concentrates the whole blood of the body in the internal excretories to force them to cast it out. The blood leaves the surface, and rushes to the central organs with congestive violence. This is the CHILL. But in this effort it fails. Then the FEVER follows, in which the blood leaves the central organs and rushes to the surface, as if in another effort to expel the irritating poison through the skin. As it fails, the system abandons the attempt exhausted, and waits for the recovery of strength to repeat the hopeless effort another day. These are the fits or paroxysms of FEVER AND AGUE. Such constitutional disorder will of course remove those who use it free from its attacks, keeps the system in health although exposed to the disease. Consequently it not only cures, but protects from, the great variety of affections which are induced by this malignant influence, such as Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb, or Masked Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, Bilious Fevers, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitations, Painful Affections of the Spleen, Hysterics, Colic, Paralysis, and Painful Affections of the Stomach and Bowels, all of which, when arising from this cause, will be found to assume more or less the intermittent type. This "AGUE CURE" removes the cause of these derangements, and cures the disease.

This it accomplishes by stimulating the excretories to expel the virus from the system; and these organs by degrees become habituated to do this their office of excretion. Hence, when the virus is again introduced, it is expelled, and the system remains in health. Time may accomplish the same end, but often life is not long enough, or is sacrificed in the attempt, while this "AGUE CURE" does it at once, and with safety. We have great reason to believe this is true, as well as safer remedy for the whole class of diseases which are caused by the miasmatic infection, than any other which has been discovered; and it has still another important advantage to the public, which is, that it is cheap as well as good.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all that has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A PURGATIVE MEDICINE.

FOR CONSTIPATION;

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA;

FOR JAUNDICE;

FOR THE CURE OF INDIGESTION;

FOR HEADACHE;

FOR THE CURE OF DYSENTERY;

FOR FOUL STOMACH;

FOR THE CURE OF ENTERITIS;

FOR THE PILLS;

FOR THE CURE OF SCROFULA;

FOR ALL SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS;

FOR THE CURE OF RHEUMATISM;

FOR DYSURIA OF THE SKIN;

FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT;

THE COMMONWEALTH.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 7, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. T. C. McKee, of the Baptist church. The journal of yesterday was read by the Clerk.

Mr. ROBINSON asked to be excused from being chairman of the committee on Penitentiary, and he was excused.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. ALEXANDER—County Courts—A bill for the benefit of C. T. Dillingham, late constable of Adair county, passed.

Mr. CISELL—Judiciary—A bill for the benefit of Leroy S. Mitchell, late constable of Union county.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. JOHNSON offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the special committee of the Senate raised for the purpose of considering the reported occupation of Hickman and other points in Kentucky, by Confederate troops, take into consideration the reported occupation of Paducah and other places in Kentucky by the Federal authorities, and report thereon, when the true state of the case shall have been ascertained.

Mr. CISELL offered the following amendment, viz:

Add to the resolution "that the Speaker appoint three members of the Senate to visit southern Kentucky, who are directed to obtain all the facts they can in reference to the recent occupation of Kentucky soil by Confederate and Federal forces, and report in writing as early as a day is practicable."

Mr. JOHNSON accepted the amendment.

Some discussion ensued upon the resolution and amendment.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

The SPEAKER appointed Messrs. JOHNSON, READ and T. F. MARSHALL, in accordance with the resolution to visit southern Kentucky.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. GILLIS, from the committee of Enrollments, reported the resolution making an appropriation to Messrs. Wickliffe, McKelvey and Robb, correctly enrolled, and it was signed by the SPEAKER, and sent to the Governor for his approval and signature.

CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENT.

Mr. DENNY offered a resolution authorizing the SPEAKER to appoint a committee to apportion congressional representation in this State, adopted.

The SPEAKER took time to appoint the committee.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was granted to bring in the following bills, and the leaves were referred to appropriate committees, viz:

Mr. WALTON—A bill to amend the execution laws in relation to mechanics.

Mr. DAVIDSON—A bill for the benefit of Jas. Trimble, of Floyd county.

Same—A bill for the benefit of F. Garrett, late clerk of Morgan county court.

Mr. CHAMBERS—A bill to preserve and maintain the peace and quiet of the people of Kentucky.

Mr. RHEA—A bill to legalize the proceedings of Logan county court.

Mr. GLENN—A bill further to protect the rights of married women.

Mr. READ—A bill to regulate and define the duties of Notary Publics.

Mr. GOODLOE—A bill to alter the mode of raising county revenue.

Mr. CHAMBERS—A bill to change and fix the time of the biennial sessions of the General Assembly, and to fix the pay and mileage of its members and officers.

Mr. GROVER—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Owenton.

Mr. DEHAVEN—A bill for the benefit of John Watson, of Oldham county.

Mr. SPEAKER (Pisk)—A bill to charter the German Reformed Benevolent Association of Covington.

Mr. CISELL—A bill to amend section 8, article 25, Revised Statutes, title "injury to property."

FEDERAL RELATIONS CLERK.

Mr. PRALL offered a resolution to authorize the committee on Federal Relations to appoint a clerk, adopted.

And then the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 7, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. Wm. McD. Abert, of the Methodist Church.

The journal of yesterday was read.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. ANDREWS, HEBERT, CHANDLER (2), MATHEWSON, LINDSEY, UNDERWOOD, IRELAND (2) and EWING, and appropriately referred.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. J. R. THOMAS—A bill for the benefit of G. W. Goodrum, late sheriff of Marion county, and his securities, referred to the committee on Ways and Means, with instructions to report the same on Monday afternoon at 11 o'clock.

Mr. BURNAM—A bill for the benefit of L. H. Snow, of Madison county, passed.

Mr. GILBERT—A bill to incorporate the Birmingham Lodge, No. 290, Free and Accepted Masons, passed.

Same—A bill to authorize the Marshall county court to change a State road, passed.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of Beaton, in Marshall county, passed.

Mr. M. YOUNG—A bill to charter a Female College in Henderson county, passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of school district, No. 45, in Henderson county, passed.

HOUSE RESOLUTION AMENDED IN SENATE.

The House took up the resolution from the House, allowing pay to excluded Senators, which had been amended in the Senate by inserting the name of the Senators excluded; amendment concurred in.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Mr. V. B. YOUNG—A bill to amend the law in relation to pleadings in equity and civil courts.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the Marshal of Owensboro, in Bath county.

Mr. PROCTOR—A bill to charter a Hotel and Cave Company in Edmonson county.

Same—A bill defining the duties of the Edmonson county judge.

Mr. JOHNS—A bill in relation to the county lines of Boyd and Lawrence.

Same—A bill for the benefit of John Jones.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the personal representative of John McDyer deceased.

Mr. WEBSTER—A bill for the protection of small birds and game in Campbell and adjoining counties.

Mr. MATHEWSON—A bill to authorize the change of a State road in Calloway county.

Same—A bill to incorporate the Murray Cemetery Company.

Mr. ENGLAND—A bill to change the line between the counties of Rowan and Carter.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Owen McGhee, of Carter county.

Mr. YEAMAN—A bill to amend the Revised Statutes.

Same—A bill to amend chapter 37, Revised Statutes.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the Deposit Bank of Owensboro.

Mr. CURTIS—A bill for the benefit of J. W. Forbes.

Mr. ELLIOTT—A bill for the benefit of James and Edwin Trimble, of Floyd county.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of Floyd county.

Mr. SILVERTOOTH—A bill to incorporate Baltimore Lodge, No. 361, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. IRELAND—A bill for the benefit of Odd Fellows' Hall Company.

Same—A bill in relation to the road law of Greenup county.

Mr. RANKIN—A bill to amend the Civil Code of Practice.

Mr. POWELL—A bill for the benefit of John McGeorge, late sheriff of Harlan county.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Jonathan Smith, late sheriff of Harlan county.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Jonathan Lewis and others.

Mr. J. W. ANDERSON—A bill to amend the law in relation to the Wilderness turnpike road in Knox county.

Mr. GEO. M. THOMAS—A bill regulating the holding of the Lewis Circuit Court, December term.

Same—A bill regulating the sale of ardent spirits on election days.

Mr. RICKITTS—A bill to amend the common school laws.

Mr. J. R. THOMAS—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of Marion county.

Mr. GIBSON—A bill to amend the law in relation to the Marshal of Hartford, Ohio county.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. YEAMAN offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the committee on Ways and Means be instructed to inquire and report what legislation, if any, is necessary, in regard to the collection and payment into the Treasury of the State revenue by the several sheriffs of the State.

Mr. SPARKS offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms of this House be directed to procure and suspend from the dome of the Capitol a National flag, during the sitting of the Legislature.

The question being taken, the resolution was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Mr. Speaker (Buckner), Messrs. Allen, J. W. Anderson, R. C. Anderson, W. C. Anderson, Andrews, Bacheller, Beaman, Blue, Wm. P. Boone, Brann, Burnam, Calvert, Cyrus Campbell, J. W. Campbell, Carr, Chandler, Clay, Cleveland, C. B. Cochran, R. Cochran, Conklin, Cooper, Curtis, Desha, Downing, Edmunds, England, Finley, Gilbert, Gardner, Gibson, Griffith, Hampton, Harney, Hays, Heady, Heeter, Henry, Ireland, Jacob, Johns, Kennedy, Lindsey, Lisenby, Lusk, Maxey, Meers, Miller, Morrow, Owings, Poindexter, Powell, Proctor, Rankin, Rapier, Ray, Ricketts, Rye, Shanklin, G. C. Smith, M. Smith, Sparks, Taylor, Tevis, G. M. Thomas, John R. Thomas, Turner, Vaninkle, Ward, Webster, White, Wolfe, Yeaman, B. R. Young, M. Young, V. B. Young—76.

NAYS—Messrs. Ash, Barlow, A. R. Boon, Burns, Bush, Chambers, Coffey, Elliott, Ewing, Gaines, Garrett, Gilbert, Johnson, King, Matthewson, May, Merritt, Murphy, Silvertooth, Spalding—20.

Mr. DESHA offered the following resolution, viz:

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms of this House be and he is authorized and directed to cause to be erected on the dome of the Capitol the flag of the State of Kentucky.

Mr. GEO. M. THOMAS offered the following amendment, viz:

Amend by requiring the motto, "United we stand, divided we fall," to be inscribed on said flag.

After considerable discussion the resolution and amendment were referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. TAYLOR offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Auditor of Public Accounts be requested to communicate to this House what portion of the public revenue due the State for the year 1860 remains uncollected; the sheriffs or counties that have failed to pay, if there are any such, and what steps have been taken to collect or secure the same.

Mr. BURNS offered the following joint resolution, which lies one day on the table, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That to save our people from the horrors of civil war, and to preserve peace in our beloved Commonwealth, it is necessary to maintain the neutrality of Kentucky inviolate; that no armament or the assembling of the soldiers of either belligerent should be permitted upon Kentucky soil; and that those and all other acts, in violation of the neutrality of Kentucky, come from whatever quarter they may, should be resisted by the power of the State, if necessary to the maintenance of this neutral position.

And then the House adjourned.

PICKET SKIRMISH.—Last night there was a picket skirmish at Munson's Hill, between eighteen Federal soldiers and sixteen Confederate pickets, in which we had three men wounded and eleven taken prisoners. Five of them subsequently made their escape. The Confederates had four killed and several wounded. The Confederates had quite a large body there, and eight rifled cannon planted on the spot. They have been plainly with the aid of a glass busily throwing up entrenchments at or near Munson's Hill from Mr. Demming's.

A gentleman who was in the neighborhood of Ball's Cross Roads, says the Confederates are making preparations. They are entrenching themselves on Munson's Hill, and have at least eight or ten rifle cannon planted there now.—*Washington Republican.*

The following named gentlemen were elected, on the 3d inst., as Directors of the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky, to serve for twelve months, viz: H. C. Caruth, Wm. H. Stokes, Jos. Peterson, Jno. B. Smith, Wm. F. Barret, J. H. Thomas, B. F. Guthrie, A. P. Cochran, and J. B. Wilder. At a meeting of the board H. C. Caruth was unanimously elected president.

[*Ann. Journal, Sept. 5.*]

THE LEXINGTON FAIR.—The eleventh Fair of the Kentucky Agricultural and Mechanical Association will be held next week, commencing on the 10th inst., and continue three days.

The deputy U. S. Marshal at Cincinnati seized \$60,000 worth of goods in that city on Tuesday, the property of secessionists.

[From Cincinnati Daily Times.]

MATTERS IN EAST TENNESSEE.

Parson Brownlow Still Defiant of the Rebels—His latest Exposition of his Position in the Present Crisis.

"Let no man into whose hands my letters may fall, believe for a moment that I will ever desert the Stars and Stripes. They may hang me, rob and burn my possessions, but you assured. Let not their lying, treacherous tongues rob me of my good name."
W. G. BROWNLOW.

Outrages of the Traitors in that Quarter.

We have received the following letter from a very reliable correspondent in East Tennessee. It conveys important intelligence as to the condition of affairs in that section, and refers especially to the position of Parson Brownlow, in regard to whom an effort had been made to induce his numerous friends in this vicinity to doubt his loyalty to the Union. We give the letter entire, and invite a perusal of its contents:

ALBANY, Sept. 24, 1861.

Dear Times—Please accept my thanks for doubting the change in Parson Brownlow, apparent in an extract from the Whig, copied into the Louisville Journal. He never wrote the article alluded to, and I am sorry it has been copied into any Union paper without a flat denial of authenticity. Parson Brownlow has faults, but I have never known him to publish a barefaced lie; no man would scorn it more than he. Davis & Co. have robbed the poor old man of his office, printing material, &c., and not content with that, are trying to use it for his destruction.

But a few days ago some of the jail-birds from Nashville, in the employ of the Southern Confederacy, came to Montgomery, in Morgan county, to the residence of Esq. Keith, in the absence, and demanded of his wife the delivery of what bacon they had on hand. She refused to give it up. They commenced tearing down the smoke-house. She, being a very resolute woman, tried to prevent them. They caught her, stripped off her clothing, and beat her with a cowhide, tore down the smoke-house, and, after robbing it of its contents, decamped with their booty.

These fiends are part of a regiment from Nashville, styling themselves Bull Pups; they say they receive no pay, but what they can plunder from Union men. The Cotton States have a similar regiment in the field, styling themselves Tigers; they were at the battle of Bull's Run. A friend of mine saw one of their company some days since, near Athens, exhibiting some \$800 and several watches, boasting that he had robbed the d-d Yankees that were dead and wounded on the battle-field.

Last Tuesday, Col. Stanton, who commands a regiment (now stationed near Monroe, Overton county,) with twenty followers came into Clinton county, Kentucky, surrounded the house of an old citizen, who had been feeding some Tennessee refugees, supposing one was in the house; not finding any one they threatened the old man and his family with the direst vengeance should he or they dare disclose the fact of their being there, or their business, and I presume we should be in ignorance of the act had not some neighbors been concealed near by and heard their threats. Manly Sandusky, an old resident of Wayne county, Ky., having incurred the ill-will of some Tories of Tennessee, by feeding some hundreds of refugees from Morgan and Scott counties, they have offered \$1,000 for his scalp, and his friends think it necessary to guard him constantly. There is nothing strange thereat, since similar atrocities are perpetrated often. Brownlow is kept ignorant of a very few of them.

We have differed much heretofore—Johnson, Bridges, Brownlow, Nelson, and others—and opposed each other, as well as the election of Mr. Lincoln. Now he is at the head of the Government, and we all know, must be sustained, or we will all go down together. Old party lines are entirely obliterated among us. I have seen and conversed with prominent Union men from nearly every part of Eastern Tennessee. I saw Bridges the day before he was taken prisoner; was shown a letter to him from Brownlow, and on the envelope was printed, under our old flag, "Let no man into whose hands this may fall believe for a moment I will desert the Star and Stripes; they may hang me, rob and burn my possessions, but you assured. Let not their lying, traitorous tongues rob me of my good name."

"W. G. BROWNLOW."

The letter was dated just before our last election. Will you, as an old friend, put it at the head of your paper a few days.

Very respectfully, H.

[From Cincinnati Daily Times.]

Letter from St. Louis—Condition of Fremont's Division.

CAMP MARIPOSA, }
St. Louis, Sept. 4, 1861. }

Messrs. Editors: I desire you to send me a copy of the Daily Times regularly, every day, to the care of Captain James L. Foley, Fremont's body guard. We have received the Times but twice since our arrival here; and could you have been in camp each time it made its appearance, you would have been proud of your patriotic sheet. Such a rush for it. Each one acknowledging it as welcome in the camp as if their best friend had come, for the Times is popular, and stands nine to one in favor with our boys.

I am happy to announce all our company in good health and fine spirits. We have an abundance of rations, and first-class at that. Our camp is beautifully situated on the corner of St. Ange and Hickory streets, overlooking the entire city, and is under the command of Capt. Zagonyi, a highly efficient Hungarian officer, one of General Fremont's Aids. With such a leader, our men have made rapid progress in their drill, and learning many things they never knew or had any idea of before.

We are now getting our uniforms, which, by the way, is to be one of the most attractive in the army. We refer you to Colonel Geoffrey, of the Gibson House, for particulars. He visited our camp yesterday. It's unnecessary to say every one knew him, and that no one in the West stands more indelibly impressed in the affections of our soldiers than this same generous and noble hearted patriot. His name will stand a living monument to the rising generations. His acts cannot be forgotten.

St. Louis is one vast camp. Regiment after regiment comes in daily, and if they continue to arrive for the next four weeks as they have done for the last thirty days, Fremont will soon be ready to make a grand, and, I believe, entirely successful march; his force to-day is not one soldier short of 70,000 men. St. Louis is safe from any attack. So is every other important point under him, and already have the depraved villains and outlaws turned their faces south. God grant they may continue on, and soon come to a realizing sense of the enormity of their sins and weakness, and return, as the prodigal

son, into the folds and protection of a general head, the powers that be and once more become a happy family, resolving, that hereafter, to let well enough alone.

Respectfully yours,
D. W. FAIRCHILD.

STARTLING NEWS!

Paducah Occupied—Gen. Grant's Proclamation.

Occupation of Paducah by Gen. Grant.

CAIRO, ILL., Sept. 6.—This morning at 11 o'clock, Gen. Grant, with two regiments of infantry, one company of light artillery, and two gunboats, took possession of Paducah, Kentucky. He found secession flags floating in different parts of the city, in expectation of greeting the arrival of the southern army, which was reported 3,800 strong, sixteen miles distant. Loyal citizens tore down the secession flags on the arrival of our troops. Gen. Grant took possession of the telegraph office, railroad depot, and Marine Hospital. He found large quantities of complete rations and leather for the Southern army.

The following proclamation was issued: I have come among you, not as an enemy, but your friend and fellow-citizen; not to injure and annoy you, but to respect, defend, and enforce the rights of all loyal citizens. An enemy in rebellion against our common Government has taken possession, planted its guns upon the soil of Kentucky, and fired upon our flag. Columbus and Hickman are in his hands, and he is moving upon your city. I am here to defend you against the enemy, to assist in maintaining the authority and sovereignty of your Government. I have nothing to do with opinions. I shall deal only with armed rebellion, its aiders and abettors. You can pursue your usual avocations without fear, the strong arm of the Government is here to protect its friends and punish only its enemies. Whenever it is manifest that you are able to defend yourselves and maintain the authority of your Government, and protect the rights of loyal citizens, I shall withdraw the forces under my command.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT,
Brig. Gen. Commanding.

Prospects on the Potomac.

POOLESVILLE, Md., Sept. 6.—Intelligence from the Virginia shore is to the effect that from opposite the White House ford near the mouth of the Seneca river down to Arlington Heights, the Rebels have heavy pickets, and are daily expecting reinforcements to enable them to extend to Conrad's Ferry. There are at least 600 to 700 now along the line. On Friday a force of 1,000 Mississippians as a guard, reached the vicinity of Fairfax C. H. with 60 pieces of artillery. The force opposite Washington is estimated by the Rebels at 125,000, with heavy reinforcements daily arriving. They say that an attack is to be made on Washington the present week.

Simultaneously with the attack on Washington, demonstrations are to be made, according to the same authority, near the mouth of the Occoquan and above at Edwards, Norton's, or the White House Ferry. The Rebels have plenty of provision and whisky. Families and stores have, however, been entirely drained of salt, sugar and coffee. No money can purchase these necessities. Men frequently come down to the river and in piteous tones demand from Maryland neighbors a pittance of these articles. Cows and cattle are suffering for salt. A very scanty quantity is sometimes obtained from fresh brine, but this is very rare.

The Rebels yesterday arrested five men nearly opposite this town. Four sons who had deserted from the rebel army were decoyed back to camp through their aged father being held as a hostage.

Another Union Camp in Kentucky.

CAMP BRUCE, HARRISON CO., KY., }
Sept. 4, 1861. }

Desiring to counteract the influences of the Secessionists, who are largely in the majority in this county, the Union men decided to establish a camp of instruction of the First Battalion of the Harrison Home Guard.

The battalion, consisting of six companies, about five hundred men, under the command of Major W. O. Smith, of Cynthia, went into Camp at Berry's Station, Monday, September 2nd. They are rapidly acquiring a knowledge of the camp duty, and improve very fast in their drill, and are a fine body of young men. The camp is daily visited by large numbers of ladies from miles around, which makes it gay and attractive.

Yesterday a committee of ladies from Cynthia, presented the battalion with a beautiful stand of colors. The presentation speech by Wm. W. Trimble, Esq., and the reception speech of Captain Givens, were models of brevity and eloquence. The colors were escorted to the line to the tune of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the band, after which, parade was dismissed, and all partook of a bountiful dinner prepared by the ladies.

Of course the object of the camp is condemned by the neighboring Secessionists, and threats to rout and break up the camp, are loud and fierce, but we are prepared night and day to give them a warm reception, whenever they choose to pay us a visit.

Yours, &c., G. M. F.

We publish the following by request of a staunch Union man, who has just returned from Camp Dick Robinson:

UNION CAMPAIGN HYMN

AS SUNG AT KENTUCKY CAMPS.

The Christian Warfare.

Am I a soldier of the cross—
A follower of the Lamb,
And shall I fear to own his cause,
Or blush to speak his name?

Must I be carried to the skies
On flowery beds of ease,
While others fought to win the prize,
And sail'd through bloody seas?

Are there no foes for me to face?
Must I not stem the flood?
Is this vile world a friend to grace,
To help me on to God?

Sure I must fight if I would reign;
Increase my courage, Lord!
I'll bear the toil, endure the pain,
Supported by thy word.

Thy saints, in all this glorious war,
Shall conquer, though they die;
They see the triumph from afar,
By faith they bring it nigh.

When that illustrious day shall rise,
And all thine armies shine,
In robes of victory, through the skies,
The glory shall be thine.

Purcell, the famous punster, being desired, one evening, when in company, to make an extemporaneous pun, asked, "on what subject?"

"The king" was the answer. "O sir," said he, "the king is not a subject."

A Terrible Railroad Disaster.

Hudson, Mo., Sept. 5.—Abram Hager, baggage master on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, furnished the St. Louis Democrat with the following account of a discolossal outrage on that road day before yesterday:

The passenger express train bound West, Sept. 3d, was thrown into Platte river. The timbers of the east end of the bridge over that stream having been bored nearly through. The entire train went down.

The engine went over first, and the baggage, freight, mail, and passenger coaches were piled on top. The passenger coaches were completely smashed, and I was the only one that escaped unhurt.

After getting out of the baggage car I commenced taking the passengers from the wreck. Conductor S. C. Callier died in a few moments. Frank Clark, engineer, had one leg completely roasted. He also died in a few minutes.

Martin Field, mail agent; Chas. Moore, fireman, and J. Fox, brakeman, were killed. Among the wounded were Mr. Medel, son of Dr. Medel, of Ohio, and his wife—both are badly injured. I could not learn the names of all the passengers.

I went to St. Joseph, got an engine, physicians and other necessities for the wounded and reached the wreck at 3 a. m. The greatest excitement prevails in St. Joseph in regard to this inhuman outrage.

(Special to the N. Y. Post.)
An Advance Intended.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.

Advices received here from Virginia leave no doubt that the Rebel leaders, both civil and military, have agreed to attempt an advance upon Washington and Baltimore within a few days. Government is fully prepared for any emergency. The enemy's troops on Munson's Hills are parading in front of their works this morning.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.

The War Department sent word to-day to Gen. Wool to permanently hold Hatteras Inlet.

The Pension Bureau has already commenced pensioning the soldiers wounded in the present war.

DAILY COMMONWEALTH

FOR THE
SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE

The FRANKFORT COMMONWEALTH will be published daily during the approaching session of the General Assembly of Kentucky. A competent reporter will be in attendance in each House, and an accurate report of the proceedings of each day will be given the ensuing morning. The Commonwealth will thus afford the most convenient medium of communication between the members of the Legislature and their constituents, keeping the latter informed not only of the manner in which their own local interests are represented, but of the general course of legislative proceedings, and saving to the former the trouble and labor of a great deal of private correspondence which would otherwise be indispensable. Beside reports of the proceedings of each House of the Kentucky Legislature, the Commonwealth will furnish a summary of all the more important items of the current news of the day, foreign and domestic, war, political and miscellaneous.

The important subjects which will claim the attention of the General Assembly are of vital importance to all the citizens of the State of Kentucky, and we shall hope to receive a large list of subscribers to our Daily paper.

The DAILY COMMONWEALTH, for the session, will be \$1 50. Any person procuring us five subscribers, and forwarding the money, shall have the sixth copy for his trouble.

The TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH is published at \$4 per year. The Session Daily will be sent to all the Tri-Weekly subscribers, with 50 cents additional charge. Any person procuring us five subscribers to the Tri-Weekly, and forwarding us the money, shall have the sixth copy for his trouble.

The WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH will be furnished to subscribers, during the session of the Legislature, for 50 cents; and for a year, including the session, for \$2 00. Persons procuring five subscribers to the session weekly, or yearly weekly, and forwarding the money to us, shall receive the sixth copy free of charge.

Remittances may be made by mail at our risk.

A. G. HODGES & CO.,
August, 1861. Frankfort, Ky.

The Knights of the Golden Circle—their Treasonable Aim.

"There are now nearly eight thousand (K. G. C.) in the State, distributed through every county, and the organization is growing daily in favor and importance, and the work will be pushed with the utmost vigor. UNTIL THE TRI-COLORED FLAG OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES FLOATS IN TRIUMPH FROM THE DOME OF THE CAPITOL AT FRANKFORT."

[Seeley's Letter to the Louisville Courier.]

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Corner Main and Fourth Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

\$1 50 PER DAY.

Aug. 10, 1861. T. A. HARROW, Prop'r.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE SECOND SESSION OF MRS. MARY

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1861.

Gentlemen wishing to confer with the editor, will call on JOHN B. HERNDON, who has control of the Editorial Department of this paper during the session of the Legislature. He may be found during business hours at the office of the Commonwealth.

Office of Clerk of the Senate.

The Clerk of the Senate would inform the members of the Legislature and all other persons having official business with him, that his office is in the 2d story of the Commonwealth Office building, where he may be found, except when the Senate is in session, or he is otherwise necessarily absent.

The Senate and House are now organized, the officers are on duty, standing committees are appointed, and the whole machinery of government being in fine trim and good working order, we confidently look for earnest labor and good results.

The friends of the Union having a controlling influence in each branch, and realizing that the whole responsibility of the session rested with them, very wisely conferred together, and settled, by ballot, their individual preferences to be supported for each station, and when the time for voting came, there was no delay in making an election for each office.

Our readers are aware of the result of the balloting. Judge Buckner, of Lexington, presides over the House, than whom a gentleman of more sterling merit, or of more unswerving fidelity to the cause of national unity, cannot be found within the Commonwealth. Hon. Jno. F. Fisk, of Kenton, will lend dignity to the Chair as President of the Senate. To preside over the Senate of Kentucky at any time is a high privilege, but in times like these it is a mark of distinction which would honor the most favored of Kentucky's sons. On taking the Chair, Mr. Fisk referred to the great perils which menace the peace of the Commonwealth and the destruction of the National Government; to the great responsibility devolved upon the Legislature at a time when the eye of the whole nation was directed to its action, and said the Legislature had the peace, happiness, and welfare of the State in its hands. He believed it would prove equal to the occasion, and under the blessing of Heaven trusted that its labors would result in maintaining peace, quiet, and happiness to the State, and secure to the people the blessings of constitutional liberty—liberty regulated by law.

Of the clerical force of the House it scarcely becomes us to speak, yet our high sense of justice compels us to pay a willing tribute to the gentlemen who were more fortunate than ourselves. Clever, accommodating and high-toned, skilled with pen and records, we only regret that we do not gentlemen of less merit to contend with; not disheartened, however, like some politicians we think of, we will not, under the goadings of defeat, either break or fling away our trusted rifle, but, when the time comes, we will "pick our flint, and try it again."

As to our friends who fill the offices of Sergeant-at-Arms, (Dr. Smedley, and Door-keeper, (Anderson Gray,) it is unnecessary to speak. Like their worthy co-laborers in the Senate, (Jack Pruett and Abijah Gilbert,) they come gracefully up to the Jeffersonian standard, their friends pronouncing them "honest, faithful, and capable."

Of our facious friend and predecessor, Johnson, Clerk of the Senate, what can we add beyond what his friends have said by their verdict: "Well done thou good and faithful servant," enter thou upon the reward thy good works have achieved; and to our ancient friend, his experienced and able assistant, Dr. Hawkins, we can only remark, may you have a "good time" together, and reflect credit upon those who have chosen you to the position you now occupy.

We hail this commencement as a good augury for the harmony of this eventful session, and for the consolidation and efficiency of the great Union organization, which is "following the flag, and keeping step to the music of the Union."

Beware of the Agitators.

The people must look out for all sorts of inflammatory appeals to their fears, passions and prejudices. The peace and tranquility of the State is being outraged by a ruthless gang of disappointed office-seekers, demoralized politicians, and political adventurers, who are moving heaven and earth to take Kentucky out of the Union, and inaugurate war in our midst. They seemed determined that Kentucky shall not have peace; they know that peace consigns them and their memories to the fate of Burr and Arnold, and they are determined, if they can, to rise upon the ruins of their country. The Union party in all candor and sincerity say to these plotters of treason and ruin, you can have peace if you will, and war just as quick. We desire peace, we pray for peace, and if we can't have peace peaceably, we will to a man fight for peace.

We call attention to the communication signed "Mercer," which speaks the sentiments of the people of that section of the country in regard to Brigadier-General Anderson where he is so well known, and where he lived so long.

A large drove of mules, purchased by Mr. Robert Pepper, of this county, for Uncle Sam, passed through our city on Saturday evening.

Letter from Mercer County.

HARRISBURG, Ky., Sept. 7, 1861.

Editor Commonwealth:

We have just heard of the arrival of Gen. Robert Anderson in your city. Nothing could afford us more pleasure than this gratifying announcement. Some years ago, as Governor of the Military Asylum at this place, his modest and gentlemanly bearing, his many excellent qualities of the head and heart, commanded the respect and won the affection of our citizens, and these feelings were manifested in a remarkable degree and manner in the anxiety felt by all of us for his fate when at Fort Sumpter, when he and his gallant band were endangered by the traitorous assaults of the Confederate armies. His conduct, while in command at Sumpter, and his heroic defense of the Stars and Stripes, have endeared him to the people of Kentucky, and we rejoice that he has come back to us at a time when we sorely need the counsels of wise and good men. We know Gen. Anderson to be wise, patriotic and conscientious—a skillful and brave commander, a devoted Kentuckian, a christian gentleman, and such a man can have no other thought than that of the welfare of his country, and the peace and honor of his native State. His presence will inspire confidence, and rally around the flag of the Union the good and patriotic people of Kentucky. We trust that he will be welcomed with that love and confidence which his pure character and eminent services merit, and that his earnest efforts in the cause of our glorious Union will be seconded in a manner worthy of that cause, his character and the character of the people of Kentucky. In this part of Kentucky, where the people know him, his name will be a tower of strength, and in every county it will awaken not only a love for the Union, but a determination to maintain and preserve that Union, and the priceless heritage of our fathers. Kentucky is Union to the core—thoroughly Union in feeling and sentiment, and if the secessionists in their mad and desperate treason attempt to take our State into the Southern Confederacy against the thrice expressed will of the people, we will show our Unionism in action.

MERCER.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN.—This gentleman will be second in command with Gen. Robert Anderson in the department of Kentucky, and we are gratified with the selection. Gen. Sherman resided in the South for many years, and knows and appreciates Southern temper and character. At the commencement of our political troubles, he lived in Mississippi at the head of a military and collegiate institution, and so high did he stand in the confidence and esteem of the people of that State, that he was tendered an important command by the Governor of Mississippi. The people of the Cotton States loved and honored him for his estimable qualities and great ability, yet he would not fight against his country. He turned away from the tempting offers of high position, and dedicated himself to the sacred cause of the Union, and he is now among the noblest defenders of the glorious old flag.

Of Gen. Anderson we cannot speak too highly. He is a Kentuckian, a patriot, and hero, and his great skill as a soldier, his elevated character as a christian and gentleman, his earnest anxiety for the peace, the honor and glory of his native State, will command the confidence, and rally around him all the energies, moral and physical, of this brave and chivalrous people.

Capt. Prime, who accompanies Gen. A., is an accomplished soldier and gentleman, and eminently fitted for the important position he occupies.

Gen. Anderson returned to our city on Friday evening from a brief visit to his relatives in this vicinity. His reception at the Capital Hotel was a real old fashioned cordial affair—such an occasion as a dignified and modest gentleman always enjoys. Our leading citizens, the members of the Legislature, and a number of ladies, called to pay their respects to one who, in the hour of personal peril, was true to his country's flag. All honor to Sumpter's brave and intrepid defender!

In response to a serenade from Haly's fine Cornet Band, Gen. A. appeared at the window, returned his thanks, and retired, amidst the cheers of his many friends and admirers.

A SAD REFLECTION.—The saddest part of all our trouble is to know that some of the fair women of our land are smiling upon the unholy cause of secession, which has already been the cause of countless evils and woes, filled our happy land with all the horrors of civil war, and threatening to drench Kentucky with the blood of their fathers and brothers and friends. The women of this country, above all others, should work, and plead and pray for the safety and success of our government, for that government has thrown around her the amplest protection, and filled the land with peace, happiness, prosperity and security.

The Hops at the Capital Hotel are increasing in interest. Straus' String Band discoursed most eloquent music. The ladies are very fascinating, and our host of the Capital furnishes all the *et cetera* that go to make up a pleasant occasion. Remember, Tuesday and Friday evenings. Parties continue during the session.

The lovers of fine music will bear in mind that Mr. Robert Heller, the distinguished pianist and composer, will appear, with his Grand Concert Company, at the Capitol Hotel Hall, on Wednesday evening next. A delightful entertainment is anticipated.

The State Penitentiary.

NUMBER FOUR.

In my former communication, No. 3, I stated briefly what had been done by legislative enactments for the moral and religious instruction of the inmates of our State prison since its origin. An error in that communication makes it necessary to repeat in more detail the facts upon that subject. It was two hundred and fifty dollars, instead of \$750, as printed, the amount set aside for moral instruction by the act of 1829. This act was subsequently adopted in the Revised Statutes, and reads thus:

"§ 1. The keeper of the penitentiary shall procure one sermon to be preached to the convicts, by a minister of the gospel, each Sunday.

"§ 2. He shall, moreover, cause the convicts who have not learned reading, writing and arithmetic, to be taught at least four hours every Sunday.

"§ 3. The whole expense of such sermons and teachings shall not cost more than two hundred and fifty dollars per annum.

"§ 4. The books belonging to the library in the penitentiary shall be given out to convicts and returned every week, so that they may be well taken care of."

At the time this act was adopted, there were in confinement about 180 convicts. Allowing \$100 for the sermons, would leave less than \$1 a head for the instruction ordered for each convict—a sum, to say the least of it, exceedingly cheap, if not parsimoniously small. In the accounts rendered by the various clerks in the keeper's annual reports during the partnership system, this item is seldom mentioned, but it is presumed the keeper's always charged the State the full amount of the provisions of this act. The sermons were preached by ministers of the various churches of the town and county, and \$2 invariably paid them as we believe. The other section of the law, with the exception of that of distributing a few worthless books, has been a dead letter for years. The prisoners, however, have been permitted to read such books, periodicals, and newspapers as they could procure without let or hindrance.

Humanity, to say nothing of the moral duty upon the subject, demands of the Legislature a prompt revision of this whole subject. Many of the inmates are men of some cultivation, and need greatly the means of instruction to be derived from the use of good books properly distributed among them.

The financial history of the institution will be the subject of our next number.

The interest to outsiders in Legislative proceedings is greatly lessened by the passage of a resolution to the effect that all resolutions shall be submitted to the House without debate, unless the House shall otherwise decide. This is pretty severe on gentlemen who have a disposition to talk.

RELEASED AND RESTORED.—The Richmond (Ky.) Messenger, of Friday last, says that Messrs. Bronston, Black, and Collins, who were arrested in Whitley county a few days since whilst taking a drove of horses toward Cumberland Gap, were taken to Camp Dick Robinson for trial and have all been released, their horses being restored to them.

The Home Guards of this city were out on dress parade—Capt. Mill's command—on Saturday evening. They are a fine looking body of men, and are well drilled. Haly's Cornet Band contributed to the display by stirring music.

Our friend Dury has revived the Kentucky Whig, a valuable auxiliary in the great work of arresting the tide of Secession, and has put the patronage on an exclusive cash basis.

A Fight at Lexington, Mo.

LEXINGTON, Mo., Sept. 2.—The following account of a recent event in this city is furnished to the St. Louis Republican:

A large Secession force surrounded this town on both sides of the river last week, and arrested a number of Union men, among them Ex-Governor King, Judge Ryland, and Wm. S. Laid. On Friday last, at the instance of the gentlemen above named, a flag of truce was sent us by the Rebels, which resulted in a conference about a mile from town, between Col. Reed and Capt. Shelby on the Rebel side, and Maj. Breckor, Capt. Graham, and Lieut. Brown on the Federal side. The Rebels demanded the unconditional surrender of the fort, which was flatly refused.

During the invasion of the town by the Rebels, a good deal of skirmishing took place in the streets and in the woods on both sides of the river. The Federal troops destroyed the ferry house on the north side of the river, when a fight occurred between a small force under Lieut. Brown and the Rebels, in which four or five of the latter were killed and a number wounded, and several of Brown's men wounded.

On Thursday, Lieut. Brown, with twenty men, was attacked on the streets by a company of Secessionists under Capt. Withrow, in which the latter were completely routed and Capt. Withrow taken prisoner, after being severely wounded.

On Friday, all further attempts to reduce the place were abandoned. Col. Roul returned with his command toward Independence, and Colonel Reed went towards Fort Scott, leaving Capt. Shelby with about 600 men at his old rendezvous. Taber creek, 8 miles east of Lexington, and a considerable Secession force in the bottom between Lexington and Richmond. The forces thus left have cut off all mail communication. Col. Reed took with him King, Ryland, Field and other prisoners. The whole loss on all the fighting on the rebel side was eight killed besides the wounded, and on the Federal side one was killed and several slightly wounded. The Federal troops burned a ware-house and several frame buildings where the Rebels had encamped, on the north side of the river.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 6.—The steamers Champion, Hannibal, and Meteor, with property belonging to Rebel citizens, were seized at the wharf to-day and confiscated under the recent act of Congress.

Editor of the Commonwealth.

Upon the reception of a (bogus) dispatch yesterday that the Federal army was cut to pieces, it was sickening to observe the fiendish exultation of the Secessionists, over the triumph of treason and the dishonor of the time-honored flag. Union men never exult over the destruction of human life, even the death of their enemies. Every aspiration of their souls is for the preservation of the glorious work of our fathers, and the honor of the flag, yet they never manifest that fiendishness, malice and intolerance which is too often seen in the countenances, the words and acts of the deluded and desperate followers of secession.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 7, 1861.

Kentucky State Lottery—For the Benefit of the Town of Frankfort.

Wood, Eddy & Co., Managers, (successors to R. France & Co., of Baltimore, Md.)

This firm has consolidated all the lotteries, and are now the only managers of legalized lotteries in the United States or Confederate States. The firm has ample funds to cash all prizes sold. The Shelby College Lottery is merged into the above, and it will not be run at present though the bonus must be paid to the trustees according to the contract until the charter expires. I acted as agent for the above Lottery seventeen years in the city of Lexington, under the management of Dudley S. Gregory, Gregory & Moury, and others, during which time I sold many handsome, comfortable and magnificent prizes, and I now hope the people of Frankfort and vicinity will sustain a lottery for their own benefit—the establishment of your water works and other privileges. You enjoy drinking the pure water from the Cove spring, one and a third mile distant, where a powerful fountain, supplying a copious abundance of the healthful beverage to nourish and invigorate God's creatures. This Lottery pays the officials of your city the handsome sum of (\$3,000) three thousand dollars per annum. These are a few named benefits of the Lottery.

The drawing takes place twice a day at Covington, Ky., at 11:10 A. M., and at 5:10 P. M., Kentucky time. Call or send in your cash and secure a pretty prize these hard times. We know the rivers are not dry; that the blood has not dried up the circulation; and we know, too, that there is just as much money now as heretofore if the people would open their *eyes* and trade liberally to insure a profitable return for their investments. Non-intercourse ruins trade. Then, to do away with hard times, open a free, untrammeled trade, an honorable peace, and prosperity will crown your efforts. Kentucky's strict neutrality will no longer be prayed for. Try your luck in the tickets of this great lottery, and if you fail at first, do not despair of success, for if you persevere you will ultimately be successful. The lamented Henry Clay said, "If your rifle miss fire, pick your flint and try again!" and I say buy a ticket, and never give up the ship till the topmost sail dips. He who never ventures, never made more than a living by hard labor. I will visit Georgetown, Paris, Harrisburg, Lawrenceburg, Rough and Ready, Hardinsville, Shelbyville, Christiansburg, Milan's Depot, and Bridgeport. Frankfort is my headquarters. For tickets apply to

R. H. WENDOVER,

Agent at Frankfort.

Sept. 7—w&twlw.

MR. ROBERT HELLER,

THE DISTINGUISHED PIANIST AND

Composer, with his

GRAND CONCERT COMPANY

WILL APPEAR AT

CAPITAL HOTEL HALL,

On Wednesday Evening, Sept. 11th.

VOCALISTS:

MR. LINDSEN, AND MR. BOUTWELL.

INSTRUMENTALISTS:

MR. JOHN HORN, VIOLINIST.

MR. GEO. NOLLER, PIANIST, AND MR. ROBERT HELLER.

Admission—50 cents. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

See programme. [Sept. 7, 1861.]

To the Young Men of Kentucky!

BY the authority, and for the service of the Government of the United States, I propose to organize in Kentucky a REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, to serve three years, or during the war—to consist of Ten Companies—each company to contain not less than eighty-four nor more than one hundred and four rank and file. Horses and all equipments to be furnished.

Volunteers owning good horses can have them appraised, mustered into the service, and paid for by the mustering officer. The Captains and Lieutenants are to be elected by the companies respectively. Captains of companies will report to me at the Galt House in Louisville as soon as practicable. No company must be moved from its point of organization until ordered into Camp. Transportation to the point of Rendezvous will be furnished. None but active, vigorous men, and men of steady habits will be received.

Captain Richard W. Johnson, of the regular army, has been detailed to act as Lieutenant Colonel. I intend to make this regiment in all respects equal to the best drilled corps in the regular army.

I know this call will be patriotically answered. The soil of Kentucky has been wantonly invaded.

J. S. JACKSON.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 6, 1861—3t.

LOOK AT THIS!

I WOULD inform my old patrons and the public, that I am again at the "BOURBON HOUSE," in Paris, Ky., and ask a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received.

Mrs. R. THURSTON.

P. S.—To all those owing the late firm of R. THURSTON & SONS, by note or account, I would say that I will exchange either for country produce at market price.

September 5, 1861. R. T.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

I CAN accommodate three or four Members of the Legislature with Boarding, on reasonable terms.

August 12, 1860. GEORGE W. LEWIS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A CARD.

To the Members of the General Assembly of Ky.: GENTLEMEN: This card is adopted to avoid annoying you. I am a candidate for State Librarian, and, if elected, rest assured I will not abuse your confidence.

Refer to Hon. Jas. Harlan, Thos. S. Page, &c., &c. Respectfully,

A. B. TARRANT.

State Librarian.

Please announce me as a Union candidate for State Librarian at the next meeting of the Kentucky Legislature. I am in favor of Kentucky ever proving loyal to the United States, and may the stars and stripes forever float o'er her Capitol.

H. G. BANTA.

Forever float that standard sheet, Where breathes the foe but falls before us; With freedom's soil beneath our feet, And freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

FRANKFORT, July 19th, 1861—te.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 7th, 1861. Persons holding stamped Envelopes of the old issue, can present them for exchange at the Post-office for a period of six days, commencing this morning, September 7th, 1861; and on and after Friday, September 13th, 1861, the old issue will not be received in payment of postage on letters sent from this office.

W. A. GAINES, P. M.

Yeoman copy till 13th inst.

J. H. WATERMAN'S SCHOOL.

Will begin the 16th, instead of the 12th inst.

No pupil will be received for a shorter time than for half session (20 weeks).

CHARGE—\$25 for 20 weeks—one half of which must be paid in advance.

No deduction for absence except in long sickness. [Sept. 6, 1861—lm.]

EDGAR KEENON.....J. L. GIBBONS.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS,

DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Boots,

Shoes, Wall Paper, Carpet Bags, etc.,

UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.

MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

feb27 w&twlw

A. CONERY

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.

(LATE W. P. LOOMIS.)

Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives.

Call and see them. Prices to suit the times.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired. jan18 ft.

To CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge, with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address

REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN,

dec12 ly. Williamsburg, New York.

TERMS CASH.

I have been compelled to adopt the cash system, which will enable me to sell good at from ten to twenty per cent. lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date.

Sign of the Eagle. June 4, 1861. A. CONERY.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

ON the 5th inst., as a runaway slave, a NEGRO MAN, calling himself GRANDISON, supposed to be the property of Neal Gordon, of Jacksonville county. Said boy is about 21 or 22 years old; about 5 feet 7 inches high; weighs about 150 pounds, with a small tuft of hair around and under his chin. Had on when apprehended a plush cap, light thin coat, brown linen pantaloons, and with him a small bundle of clothes. The owner of said boy is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with according to law.

Aug. 14, 1861. H. R. MILLER, J. F. C.

B. B. SAYRE'S SCHOOL.

WILL be in session in South Frankfort, if not prevented by the unhappy state of the country, forty weeks beginning with the 30th September.

It is expected that this school will be reduced to half its former size. In such case less time will be required for recitation in the school room. The hours of confinement there will be fewer, while more study will be done by the students at their homes.

The few boarders expected can be well accommodated in the neighboring families.

Charge for tuition, per school year, \$75, to be paid in advance; otherwise, in every case, to be secured by note with one good name.

September 4, 1861—tf.

To Rent in South Frankfort.

A GOOD HOUSE, with seven rooms, kitchen and servants' quarters, garden, and cow lot, with a never failing pond. Inquire at this office.

(September 4, 1861—lm.)

Yeoman copy one month.

COVE MILL FOR SALE.

SITUATED 1 1/2 miles North of Frankfort, on the Owenton turnpike road. For particulars apply to

R. C. STEELE, Frankfort Ky.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

CASH STORE!

On St. Clair Street, at the late Well Known Stand of R. W. Blackburn.

WHERE will be found an unusually large stock of DRY GOODS, which were bought on favorable terms, and will be sold low for CASH. All customers of the house will do well to call, as there will be new Goods coming in all the season, which will be bought for CASH and sold for CASH. A new lot of those very superior Bradley's Pride of New York Hoop Skirts, at from 50 cents to \$2 80 per Skirt.

It is everybody's interest to buy for Cash, for Goods can be sold lower for Cash than on Credit in such times as are now upon the country.

J. B. LAMPTON, Agent.

A large lot of heavy brown, mixed and black Wool Jeans now on hand; and also a fine lot of white and plaid Linsey of the country make; also, Coats and Vests already made for men, boys and servants, all of which will be sold low for Cash.

I favorably recommend Mr. LAMPTON to my former customers, and hope they will continue their patronage, as they will find it to their advantage to patronize the old store.

Aug. 21—twlm. R. W. BLACKBURN.

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines. A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to HENRY C. SPALDING, 48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF Spalding's Cephalic Pills, Will Convince all who Suffer from HEADACHE, That a Speedy and Sure Cure is Within their Reach.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford a conclusive proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two dollars' worth more. Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige Your obedient servant, JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVESFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, I have received a great deal of benefit from them. Yours respectfully, MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

SPRUCK CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA., January 18, 1861. H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours, JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861. Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: Please send me enclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried. Direct, A. STOVER, P. M., Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860. H. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours, W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO, January 18, 1861. Henry C. Spalding, No. 48 Cedar St., N. Y.: Dear Sir—Last night I took twenty-five cents (25), for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. William C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio. Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly. Truly yours, WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more. Please send by return mail. Direct to A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I. The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

A single bottle of Spalding's Prepared Glue will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES! ECONOMY! DISPATCH! "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE." As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE." N. B.—A Brush accompanies each Bot'l. Price, 25 cents. Address, HENRY C. SPALDING, No. 48 Cedar street, New York.

CAUTION. As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my Prepared Glue, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits. mar11 w&twly.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS? DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

Bellingham's celebrated Stimulating Ointment for the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article.

THE STIMULATING OINTMENT is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and warranted to bring out a thick set of

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or tow hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "Ointment" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "Ointment" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.18. Apply to, or address,

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS, &c., 24 William St. New York. feb22-6m*

LOOK AT THIS! M. L. PIERSON, MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES, St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky., (At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$38; Home \$5 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE! The greatest accommodation you can have at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock, A. M., until 9 o'clock, P. M. March 21, 1860. M. L. PIERSON.

SAYRE FEMALE INSTITUTE, LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

THE next Scholastic year will open on Monday, the 10th of September, 1861, and close during the last week in June, 1862.

TERMS, PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS: Board and Tuition in English branches, \$100. Tuition for Day Scholars in Primary Department, 15. Tuition for Day Scholars in Collegiate Department, 20. These charges must be paid, strictly, in advance.

EXTRA CHARGES: Music, with use of instrument, \$30. Drawing \$12, Painting in water colors \$15, in oil, 20. Modern Languages \$12 each, Latin, 5. No pupil will be taken for less time than one session, and no deduction will be made for absence except in cases of long continued sickness. Further information in regard to the School may be obtained from D. A. SAYRE, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, or from S. R. WILLIAMS, Principal of the Institute. August 12, 1861—w&w and ch. Lex. Obs. & Rep.

NEW REMEDIES FOR SPERMATORRHEA. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, A Benevolent Institution established by special endorsement, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, S. Ninth St., July 26, 1861—wly. Philadelphia, Pa.

THE SIXTH SESSION OF J. H. Waterman's English and Classical High School, WILL begin Second Wednesday (11th) of September, and continue 40 weeks. With a fine commodious School building, and a large gymnasium attached, he hopes by studied and constant attention to the moral, mental, and physical education of his pupils, to make his School worthy of patronage. And while he sends his pupils out with well disciplined minds, he will ever endeavor to impress them with the importance and necessity of cultivating the Christian virtues; and the satisfaction expressed on the part of many parents encourages him to believe that his labors in this essential part of the training of youth have not been altogether fruitless.

For further information see in person, or address J. H. WATERMAN, Frankfort, Ky. July 24, 1861—w<twtw till 1st September.

NATIONAL HOTEL, Corner Main and Fourth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY. \$1 50 PER DAY. Aug. 16, 1861. T. A. HARROW, Prop'r.

DISSOLUTION. THE firm heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of BAYER & KALTENBRUN, is dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. Bayer having sold his interest in said firm to V. Kaltenbrun who will continue the business of Boot and Shoemaking at the old stand. J. H. Bayer will settle the business of the late firm.

J. H. BAYER, V. KALTENBRUN. FRANKFORT, August 1, 1861—aug3 t-w2m.

SCHOOL NOTICE. THE Seventh Session of Mrs. M. A. SATTERWHITE'S School for children, will commence on Monday, September 24, 1861.

Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks, - 88 No deduction for voluntary absence. July 24, 1861—tf.

HOT AND COLD BATHS T. O. had, day and night, at SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP. Feb. 8, 1860.

CRANBERRIES ONE barrel fresh Cranberries just received and for sale by [oct26] GRAY & TODD.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Ports. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns. And with the 7:35 P. M. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 A. M., and 1:10 P. M., and Lexington at 8:00 A. M., and 1:50 P. M., and arrive at Covington at 11:00 A. M., and 6:27 P. M.

Through Tickets can be had at the Kentucky Stage Offices in Danville, Bryansville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cincinnati. Jan26 1860—tf. C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD. Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS. THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS. THROUGH TO CAIRO IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any part of ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates. Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville. For through tickets and rates of freight apply at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 555, Main street, Louisville, Ky. Aug. 31, 1857—tf. E. O. NORTON, Agent.

JOHN W. VOORHIS, Merchant Tailor, SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET, Opposite Gray & Todd's Grocery Store, FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS just received his large and extensive stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, of the best quality, and of the latest styles and patterns. He also has on hand a large assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, And everything necessary for furnishing a gentleman's entire wardrobe.

All work warranted to be as well done, and in as good style, as at any other establishment in the Western country. No FIT NO SALE. Frankfort, Oct. 5, 1860—tf.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD. THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand Yohogany, Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms. His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden. JOHN C. BATES. September 3, 1860—tf.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. About the 6th instant, a light BAY HORSE, shod all round, 15 1/2 hands high, a star in his forehead and snip on the nose; one hind foot white; 8 or 9 years old. He may have light harness marks, as he works in my carriage.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD Will be paid upon conviction of the thief and return of the horse, if stolen; or a generous reward if he should have strayed. Frankfort, dec12 tf. A. W. DUDLEY.

LOOK AT THIS! J. L. MOORE & SON, ARE RECEIVING THEIR FALL & WINTER GOODS! September 3, 1860—w&twtf.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads. ON and after Monday July 8th, 1861, Freight Trains will leave Louisville only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; and Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, running on regular time. SAM. GILL, Sup't. July 6, 1861.

WANTED. 2,000 POUNDS LIVE GESE FEATHERS, for which Furniture will be exchanged at cash prices. feb13 A. G. CAMMAOK.

Telegraph Office Removed. THE Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad depot. All persons having business with the office will please notice this change. T. C. KYTE, Agent. jan7 tf.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE. New Spring and Summer CLOTHING!

H. STRAUSS would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he has now opening at his Clothing Store in the room on St. Clair street lately occupied by Mr. G. W. Daxon, a LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS. He has also a complete stock of Boys and Youth's Clothing, of the best quality, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.

He can furnish gentlemen with fine business and dress suits of superior quality, and made in the best style, cheap for cash.

Those who wish cheap Clothing are invited to call and examine his stock. Mr. C. N. JOHNSON, who is well known in this community as a Tailor, is employed as salesman in this establishment, where he will be pleased to see his friends. He will attend to Cutting clothes as usual. ap8 tf.

25 BELLS. 3 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon, made by D. Swigert, and for sale by W. H. KEENE. mar4

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS A SUPERLATIVE TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS should be kept in every family. It invariably corrects the ill effects of change of weather, and as a beverage it is the purest Liquor made in the world. Put up in pint and quart bottles. Also—

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Cognac Brandy, Imported and Bottled by himself, warranted pure, and his seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Port Wine, Imported and bottled by himself, put up for medicinal use, with his certificate on the bottle; warranted pure and the best quality.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Sherry Wine, Imported and bottled by himself, the same as the Port Wine.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Madeira Wine, Imported and bottled by himself for private and medicinal use; the best Wine ever offered for sale to the trade in bottles. This Wine is warranted perfectly pure.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Jamaica Rum, ST. CROIX RUM, SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKY. All the above imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure and the best quality.

TO THE PUBLIC. I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in New York, that what I pledge and testify to with my seal, my label, and my certificate, is correct, and can be relied upon by every purchaser. Physicians who use Wines and Liquors in their practice should give the preference to these articles. For sale by all respectable Druggists and Apothecaries.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Sole Manufacturer and Importer of Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, No. 22, Beaver Street, N. Y. Gray & Todd, Agents, mar22 w&twtfm FRANKFORT, KY.

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires!

CHOICE INSURANCE WITH THE AETNA FIRE INSURANCE CO. HARTFORD CONN.

Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual. CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000, ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

NET SURPLUS OF - \$642,800 72, And the prestige of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000 Of Losses have been paid by the Aetna Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following:

LOSSES PAID BY THE AETNA DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS. In Ohio \$431,520 83 Michigan, \$158,043 81 In Wis., 106,955 07 Indiana, 146,839 81 In Kent'y, 294,939 40 Illinois, 445,327 41 Missouri, 284,518 04 Tennessee, 97,549 21 Iowa & Min 101,399 46 Kans. & Neb 19,945 77 Penn. & Va. 31,995 82 Ark. & Ga., 23,945 09 Mississippi and Alabama, \$52,412 18

Fire and Inland Navigation. Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The solid service long and successfully tried, and the many advantages of the Aetna Insurance Company possesses in its line, should not be overlooked by those ready to insure and understanding their best interests.

During "stringent times" the necessity for reliable insurance becomes an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being much lessened. Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the authorized agents of the company. Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

H. WINGATE, Agent, June 20, 1860. Frankfort, Ky.

SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, &c. WE have in store and for sale, FOR CASH, 4 bbls choice N. O. Sugar; 12 bbls Crushed Sugar; 5 bbls Granulated Sugar; 5 bbls Powdered Sugar; 4 bbls Preserving Sugar; 15 bags Prime Rio Coffee; 9 pockets Old Government Java Coffee; 6 chests of G. P. & Oolong Teas; 10 bbls and half bbls Molasses; 3 bbls Golden Syrup; 1 cask Rice; 2 bbls Mackerel; 4 1/2 bbls Mackerel; 2 1/2 bbls Mackerel; 16 kits No. 1 and No. 3 Mackerel; Dried Herring, Cheese, Sardines, Pickled Oysters, Pickles, Chowchow, Mustard, Pepper, Allspice, &c., Star and Tallow Candles, Starch, Soap, and everything usually kept in Groceries. July 24—lm. GRAY & TODD.

Kentucky River Coal. I HAVE just received a fresh supply of the BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort. feb2 twtf. S. BLACK.

COLORING. GENTLEMEN can have their Whiskers, Goutee, Mustache, or Imperial colored in the highest style of art, by calling at, Jan. 8, 1860. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JANUARY 1, 1860.

ASSETS. Cash on hand and in Bank, \$38,338 11 Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission, 62,690 89 Cash loaned on call, 30,000 00 \$131,029 00

Bills receivable for loans, amply secured, 70,223 59 Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value), 15,000 00 2200 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, market value, 260,352 00 2200 Shares Bank Stock in New York, market value, 200,225 00 960 Shares Bank Stock in Boston, market value, 107,565 00 400 Shares Bank Stock in St. Louis, market value, 40,300 00 240 Shares Bank Stock in Railroad and other Stock, market value, 16,750 00 Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., market value, 56,500 00 State Stocks, (Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri,) 6 per cent., market value, 36,625 00 20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin, market value, 2,140 00

Total assets, \$936,709 59 Total liabilities, 66,930 85

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Warehouses, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this Company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of Policy holders will admit. J. M. MILLS, Agent, May 18, '60—tf. Frankfort, Ky.

FRANKFORT AGENCY OF THE New York Life Insurance Company.

A meeting of the Local Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company, held in the city of Frankfort, Ky., December 4th, 1858, the following was unanimously adopted: "The undersigned, President and Directors of the Company, have examined the report and exhibit of the New York Life Insurance Company for the half year ending July 1st, 1858, and being satisfied with its prospects and condition, cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the community. The New York Life Insurance Company has been in existence fourteen years, its capital has attained the sum of \$1,500,000. Invested in State stocks, bonds and mortgages on real estate. We think it a most safe and profitable mode of investing money. The profits accrue to the benefit of the insured, and have averaged not less than 30 per cent. per annum on the premium paid. Besides these investments in stock, &c., the law of New York requires as additional security, that \$100,000 shall be deposited with the State Comptroller, to meet any lawful demands which the Company may fail to pay. We invite attention to the nature, objects, and advantages of Life Insurance, as set forth by this Institution. It will be seen by the above statement that this Company is in a flourishing condition. Those desirous of information in regard to the subject of Life Insurance, would do well to call on the Local Agent of the above Company, who will give them any information that may be desired, or for reference apply to either member of the Local Board, all of whom are insured in this office. C. S. MOREHEAD, President. EMD. H. TAYLOR, THO. S. PAGE, CHAS. G. PHYTHIAN, Directors. R. W. SCOTT, H. I. TODD.

CLAIMS PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

John Lane \$5,000 Thomas F. Thornton 5,000 Joseph H. Davies 5,000 William G. Craig 5,000 John C. Herndon 5,000 John T. Pendleton 1,500 \$26,500

MEDICAL EXAMINER—W. C. SNEED, M. D. H. WINGATE, Agent, Frankfort Branch Bank. July 1, 1860—tf.

THE Hartford Fire Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital, - - - \$500,000.

1. ITS CAPITAL IS AMPLE. 2. ITS RATES ARE REASONABLE. 3. IT PAYS ITS LOSSES PROMPTLY. H. HUNTINGTON, President. T. C. ALBYN, Secretary. J. M. MILLS, Agent at Frankfort. July 1, 1860—by.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON Fire and Life Insurance Company.

STATEMENT and condition of this Company, viz: Paid up Cash Capital, Surplus and Reserved Funds, \$6,304,125 Invested in this country, over 900,000 Yearly revenue, over 2,500,000 There are several material differences between the policies issued by this Company and those issued by other Companies—all of them being for the benefit of the insured. Policies in this Company will be issued on liberal terms, and losses promptly adjusted by H. WINGATE, Agent, May 29, 1861. For Frankfort and Vicinity.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$600 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me, that one JAMES SALLIE and MERRIT CONDOR did, on the 5th inst., kill and murder Miss Emeline Dean, in the county of Mercer, have since made their escape, and are now going at large: Now, therefore, I, BERTHA MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS each for the apprehension of said James Sallie and Merrit Condor, and their delivery to the Jailor of Mercer county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of August, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth. By the Governor, J. M. MAGOFFIN. THOS. B. MONROE, Jr., Secretary of State. By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. James Sallie is 23 years old; six feet high; weighs about 160 lbs; black hair; pale blue eyes, and fair complexion. Merrit Condor is from 21 to 25 years of age; about 5 1/2 feet high; weighs 140 lbs; black hair; black eyes; and dark skin.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS. NOTICE is hereby given that we will rigidly enforce the law against all persons who trespass on our lands by passing through the same, leaving down our fences, pillaging our crops and fruit, cutting trees or hunting and fishing on our farms. R. GILLISPIE, EMMY SCARBOROUGH, THOS. S. PAGE. Frankfort county, August 13, 1860.

NOW READY.

A Practical Treatise for the use of Justices of the Peace, Constables, Sheriffs, Jailers, and Coroners in Kentucky. By RICHARD H. STANTON, MATSVILLE, Ky.

THIS NEW WORK, WHICH HAS been prepared with unusual diligence and care by the author, is intended to be a complete and perfect guide to Justices of the Peace, and the other officers named above, in the discharge of their respective duties under the laws of the state. Its arrangement is such, that while it presents to the officer a full view of the law which he may be called upon to enforce, whether civil or criminal, it affords him such complete and accurate instructions as to the practical manner of discharging his duties, in each particular case, that it will be almost impossible for the least informed among them to go astray.

Every necessary form which a Justice of the peace, or other officer may require in the course of his official duties, will be found in its appropriate place in the work; and the instructions are so full, perspicuous and clear, that it will be found an invaluable official companion to those for whom the treatise is intended, and a highly useful work to the legal profession, and all others having business with those officers. The author has spared no labor to make it just such a work as is now most needed by the class of officers whose duties are so fully and clearly explained, and his well known accuracy and success will commend it to the hearty patronage of all persons in Kentucky concerned in the administration of the law.

The work contains six hundred and fifty octavo pages, is printed on fine paper, and with large, clear type, and bound in the very best style. Price, \$4 00. S. C. BULL, Frankfort, Ky.

Stanton's Revised Statutes—2 vols., \$10 00.

Stanton's Code Practice—1 vol., \$5.

Volume 2 Metcalfe Reports, \$5. One complete set of Kentucky Reports—will be sold cheap for cash.

The complete Acts of the Legislature, session 1859-60.

Members of the Legislature, and persons visiting the Capital